

Math 60670 Homework 7

Due Monday, April 7.

Problem 1: A curve $\gamma : [0, b) \rightarrow M$ is said to converge to infinity if for every compact set K , there is a T so that $\gamma(t) \notin K$ for $t > T$ (i.e. γ converges to infinity in the one-point compactification of M at infinity). Show that a Riemannian manifold (M, g) is complete if and only if every regular curve that converges to infinity has infinite length.

Problem 2: Let ω be a 1-form on (M, g) . Show that

$$(R(X, Y)\omega)(Z) := (\nabla_{X,Y}^2\omega)(Z) - (\nabla_{Y,X}^2\omega)(Z) = -\omega(R(X, Y)Z).$$

Problem 3: Prove the second Bianchi identity

$$(\nabla_T R)(X, Y, Z, W) + (\nabla_X R)(Y, T, Z, W) + (\nabla_Y R)(T, X, Z, W) = 0.$$

Hint: use normal coordinates.

Problem 4: Show the scalar curvature Scal at a point $p \in M$ can be written

$$\text{Scal}(p) = \frac{n}{|S^{n-1}|} \int_{S^{n-1}} \text{Ric}_p(\theta, \theta) d\theta,$$

where S^{n-1} is the Euclidean $(n-1)$ -sphere, and $|S^{n-1}|$ is its $(n-1)$ -volume.